General Assembly
Fifty-ninth session
Official Records

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English

Third Committee

Summary records of the 1st to 56th meetings
Held at Headquarters, New York, from 4 October 2004 to 11 July 2005

Corrigendum

This corrigendum contains delegation and Secretariat corrections to the summary records of the meetings held by the Third Committee during the fifty-ninth session (A/C.3/59/SR.1-56).

With the issuance of this corrigendum, the records of the above-mentioned meetings are to be considered final.

23rd meeting

Paragraph 51, line 3

After treaty body system *insert* , discouraged States from complying with their obligations

24th meeting

Paragraph 12 should read:

12. **Mr. Sinaga** (Indonesia) said that his Government attached the utmost importance to the promotion and protection of human rights and to the international human rights instruments, as evidenced by decree No. XVII of 1998 containing the Indonesian Human Rights Charter, which had been promulgated by the People's Consultative Assembly. The 1945 Constitution as amended in 2000, the Human Rights Act No. 39/1999 and Act No. 26/2000 on Human Rights Courts in a sense formed the Indonesian Bill of Rights. His Government had ratified or acceded to the main international human rights instruments, including the Convention on the Rights of the Child, the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women, the Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, the International Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Racial Discrimination and the Convention on the Political Rights of Women. It had also ratified the International Convention against Apartheid in Sports, the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women and eight International Labour Organization (ILO) conventions for the protection of workers. As part of its effort to protect the approximately 3 million Indonesians living abroad, his Government had also signed, on 22 September 2004, the

International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families.

13. Indonesia believed that the ratification of such international instruments helped to strengthen national legislation in the field and had it brought into line with recognized international norms, especially in the absence of domestic laws in certain areas. Yet ratification should not be an end in itself but should go hand in hand with full implementation of the treaties. Indonesia was therefore scrupulous in submitting its reports under the conventions to which it was a party.

Accordingly, existing paragraphs 13 to 102 should be renumbered as paragraphs 14 to 103.

49th meeting

Paragraph 22

Line 6 should read:

Italy, Kenya, Lesotho, Malaysia, Nepal,